

Renewable Energy Directive 2009/28/EC





- Adapted and adopted by Ministerial Council in October 2012 – Decision 2012/04/MC-EnC
- Implementation deadline 1 January 2014
- Adoption of NREAP by 30 June 2013
- Submission of Progress Report by Contracting Parties by 31 December 2014 and every two years thereafter
- Secretariat monitor, review and submit an overall report to the Ministerial Council for the first time by 30 June 2015 and thereafter every two years

Reporting Status



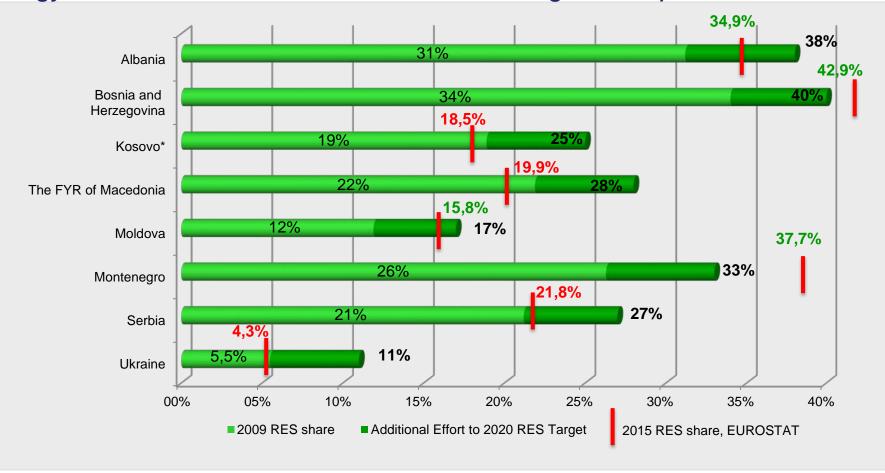
Contracting Party	NREAP adopted	Second Progress Report 2014-2015	
Albania	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	√	√*	
Kosovo*		\checkmark	
Former Yugoslav Republic	./*	√	
of Macedonia	V		
Moldova		$\sqrt{}$	
Montenegro		√	
Serbia		$\sqrt{}$	
Ukraine	√	√	

^{*} NREAP not designed to meet 28% target in 2020, * NREAP of Bosnia and Herzegovina submitted on 17 November 2017

^{*} This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCR 1244 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo declaration of independence.

Monitoring the progress in the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources – Second Progress Report











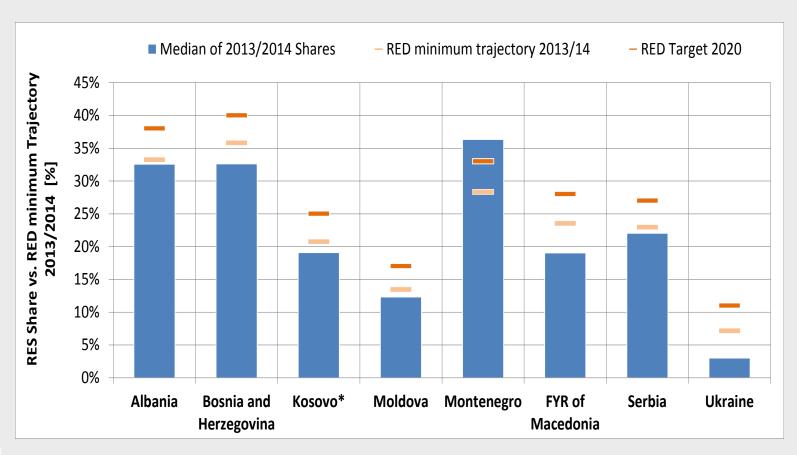
Significant progress made in the implementation of acquis on energy statistics and EUROSTAT methodology since 2013

However inconsistencies persists:

- Bosnia and Herzegovina have not integrated revised biomass data in the energy balance 2009-2013
- Energy balance of Moldova not consistent
- Ukraine has not conducted yet biomass consumption surveys
- Calorific value of firewood is an contentious issue
 - Montenegro reported different data compared with energy balance in EUROSTAT
 - Biomass consumption surveys in Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia revealed lower baseline share in 2009 >>> NREAP reviewed but not meeting the 28% RES target in 2020

Progress towards the trajectory





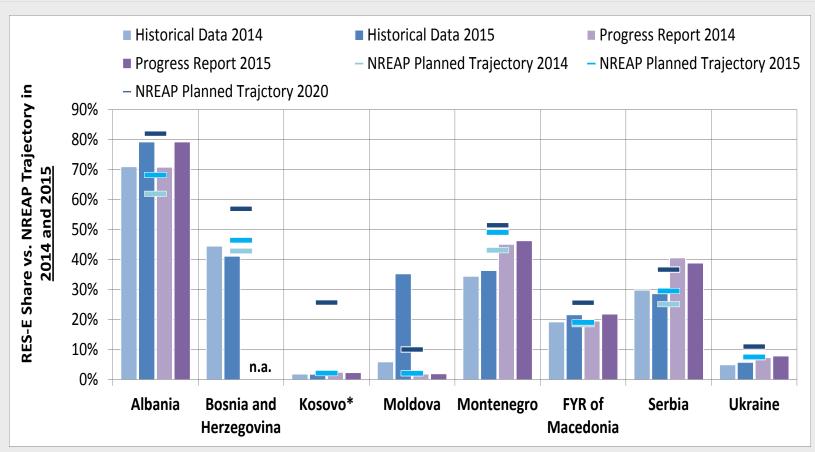
Progress in the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources – Second Progress Reports



The median RES share in gross final energy demand by 2013/2014	RES share as of EUROSTAT data provided by the ECS	RED indicative trajectory (RED)		Percentage points deviation of indicative trajectory (RED)	
	Median 2013/2014	Median 2013/2014	2020 Target	Median 2013/2014	2020 Target
Contracting Party	[%]	[%]	[%]	[pp]	[pp]
Albania	32.6%	33.2%	38%	-0.7%	-5.4%
Bosnia and Herzegovina	32.6%	35.8%	40%	-3.2%	-7.4%
Kosovo*	19.1%	20.7%	25%	-1.6%	-5.9%
Moldova	12.3%	13.4%	17%	-1.1%	-4.7%
Montenegro	36.3%	28.3%	33%	8.0%	3.3%
FYR of Macedonia	19.0%	23.5%	28%	-4.5%	-9.0%
Serbia	22.0%	22.9%	27%	-0.9%	-5.0%
Ukraine	3.0%	7.2%	11%	-4.1%	-8.0%

RES-E shares in 2014 and 2015

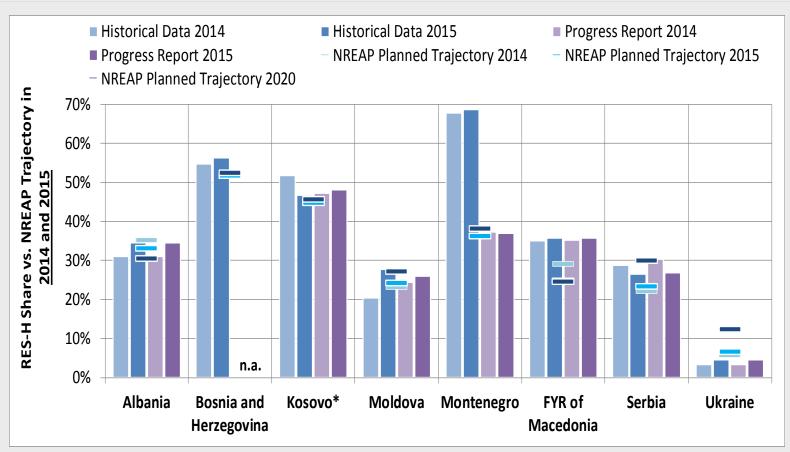




Source: kmbdg

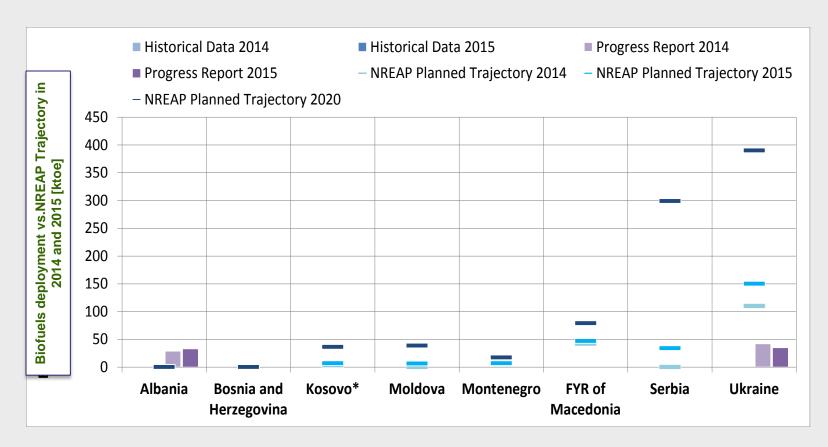
RES-H shares in 2014 and 2015





Biofuels deployment in 2014 and 2015





Source: kmbdg

RES-T legal framework





Albania – new law or ammendments to existing (never) enforced?

Bosnia and Herzegovina – entity or state level?

fYR of Macedonia – RES-T package prepared by consulatant 2 years ago

Georgia – to worm up and start

Kosovo* - waiting to fossil sector law to be approved

Moldova - ?

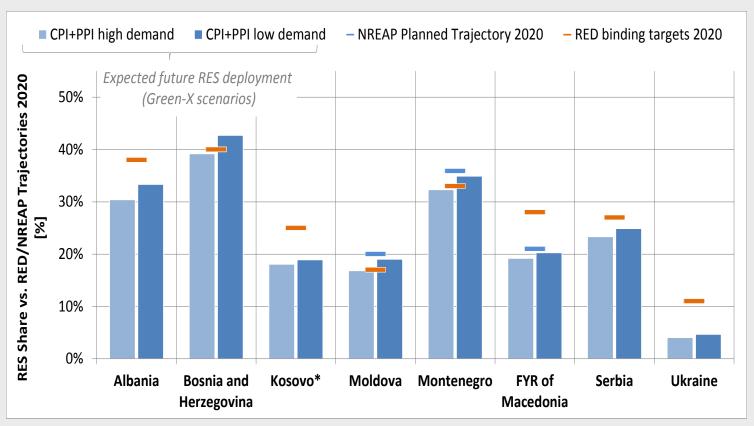
Montenegro – consultancy ongoing

Serbia - ?

Ukraine – different (competitive) drafts arround....

Expected RES share in 2020





Current Policy Initiatives (CPI)
Planned Policy Initiatives (PPI)

Key Findings:



Bosnia and Herzegovina, Moldova and Montenegro are expected to reach the binding 2020 target with currently implemented and planned policy measures

- Albania, Kosovo*, FYR of Macedonia, Serbia and Ukraine would fail to achieve their 2020 RES targets
- revised NREAPs would be required to be submitted by Kosovo*, Serbia, and Ukraine
- a decision on triggering Article 16 of Decision 2012/04/MC-EnC should be made by the Ministerial Council in case of former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

Integration of renewable energy in the market





- State Aid Guidelines on Environmental Protection and Energy 2014-2020 to ensure a cost-effective development of RES
 - support granted based on competitive process, feed-in premium
 - RES integration in the market
 - electricity sold at market price + contract for difference
 - standard balance responsibility unless intraday market exists
- A market fit for renewable energy
 - DAM, ID, Futures, Balancing
 - Access to and connection to the grids
- Renewable Energy Self-consumption

The way forward

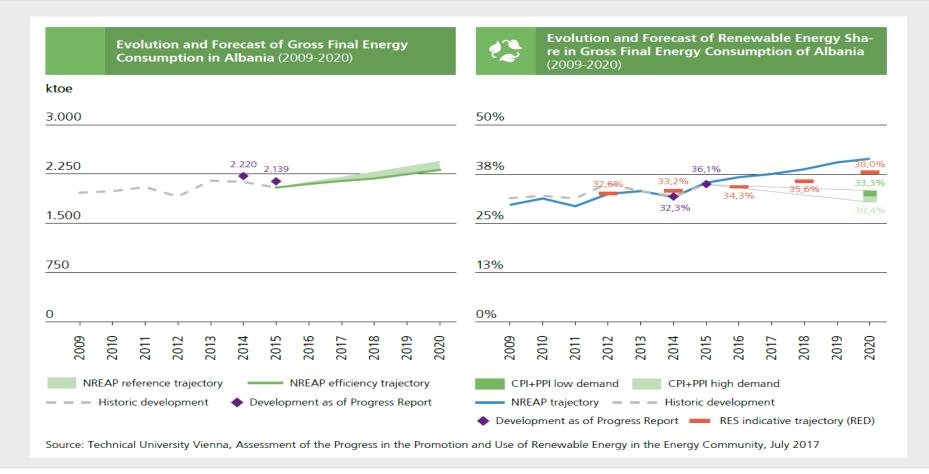




- The Secretariat and EBRD will publish Policy Guidelines on Introduction Renewable Energy Auctions in the Energy Community;
- Assist the Contracting Parties with tailor-made auctions documents;
- Assist with the selection of winning bids and publish the results, if required;
- Analyse the auction process and lessons learnt;
- Identify the RES demand and publish an auction calendar for the next 2-3 years;

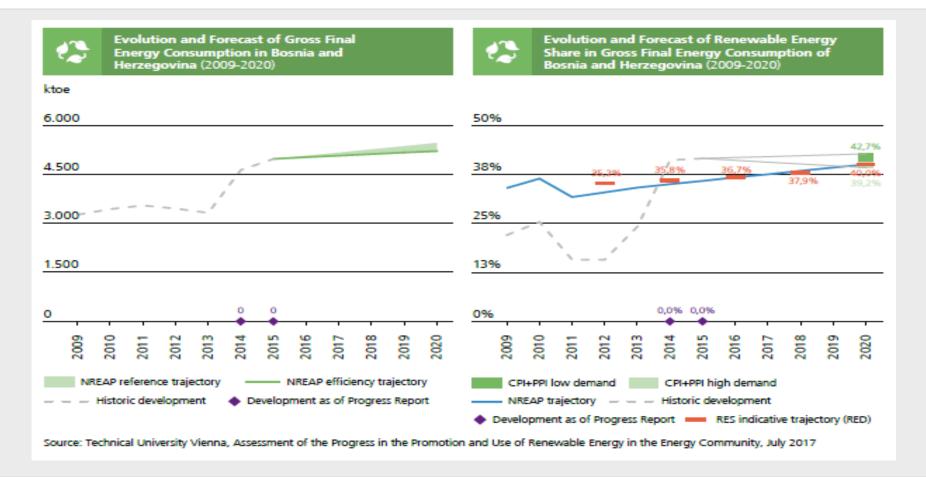
Albania - Forecast of 2020 target achievment





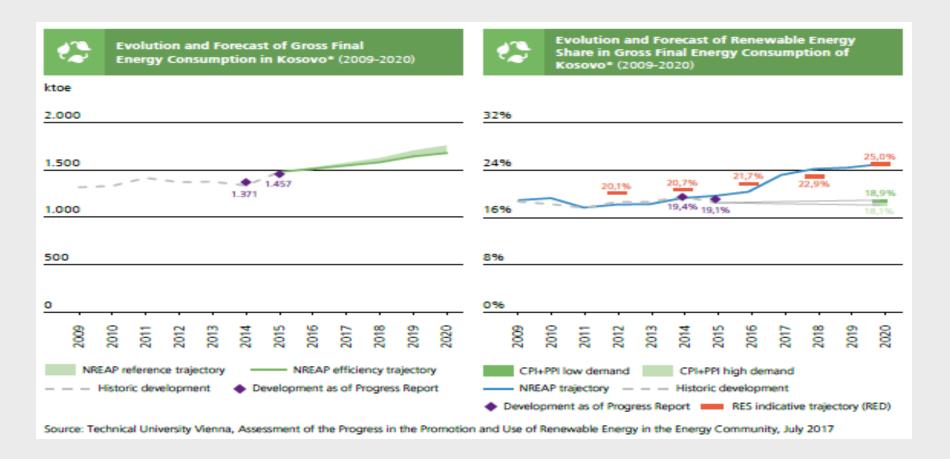
BiH – Forecast of 2020 target achievement





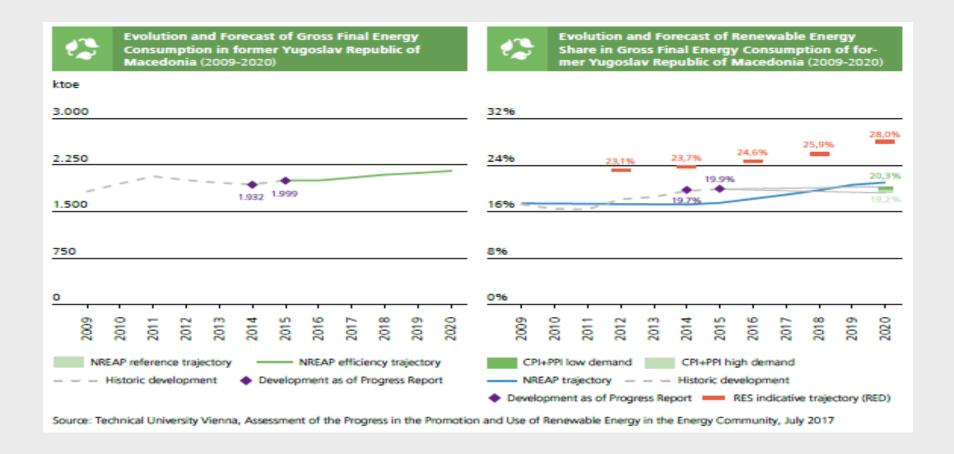
Kosovo* - Forecast of 2020 target achievement





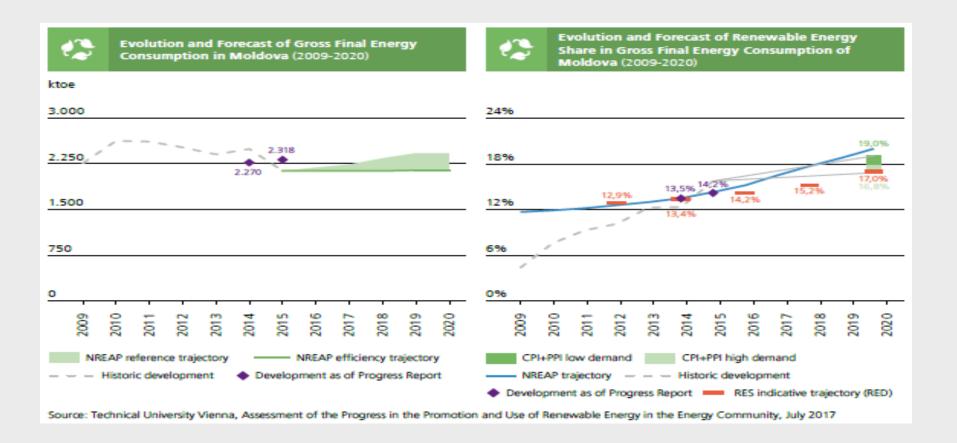
FYR of Macedonia – Forecast of 2020 target achievement





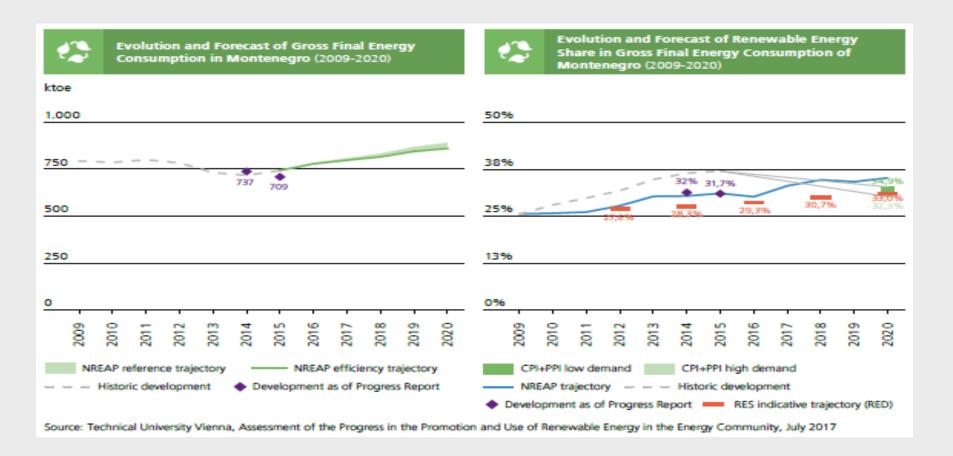
Moldova – Forecast of 2020 target achievement





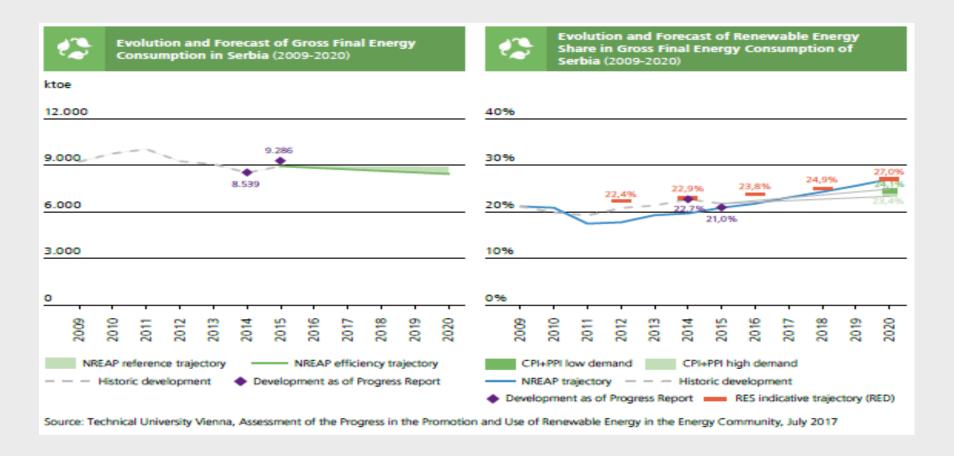
Montenegro – Forecast of 2020 target achievement





Serbia – Forecast of 2020 target achievement





Ukraine - Forecast of 2020 target achievement



