

Renewable heating and cooling in the energy transition



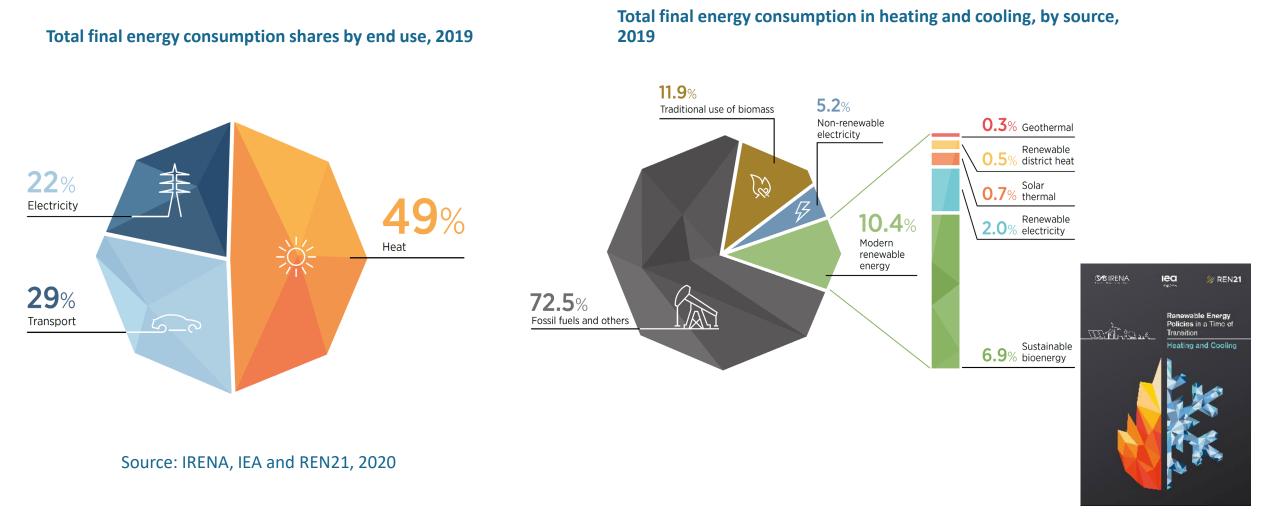
Dr Ute Collier

Deputy Director of Knowledge, Policy and Finance Centre (KPFC)

19 April 2023, Sarajevo, Workshop on District Heating and Cooling

Heating and cooling accounts for half of total energy demand

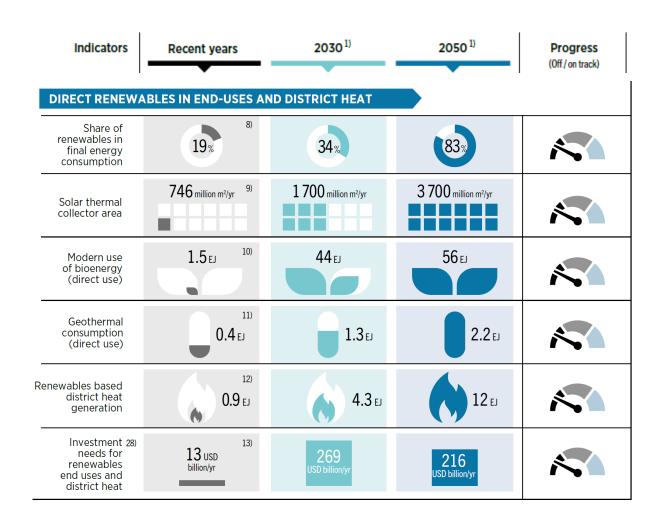


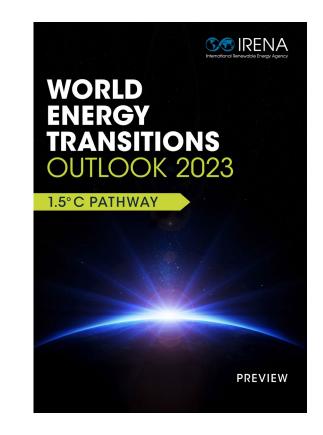


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Renewables-based end-use decarbonisation needs to be scaled up massively

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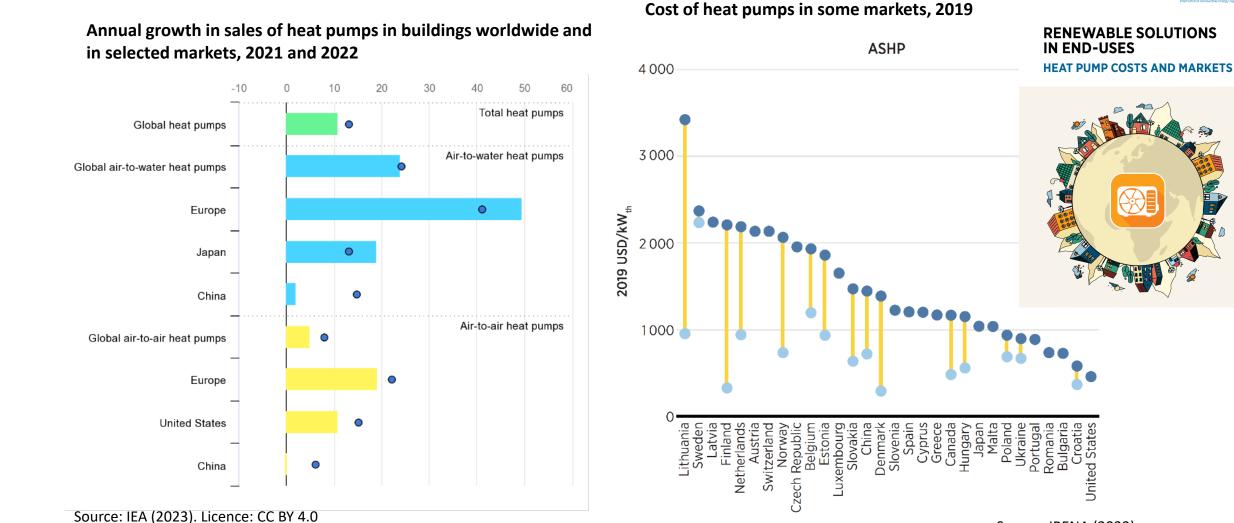
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Heat pumps are becoming an increasingly popular solution

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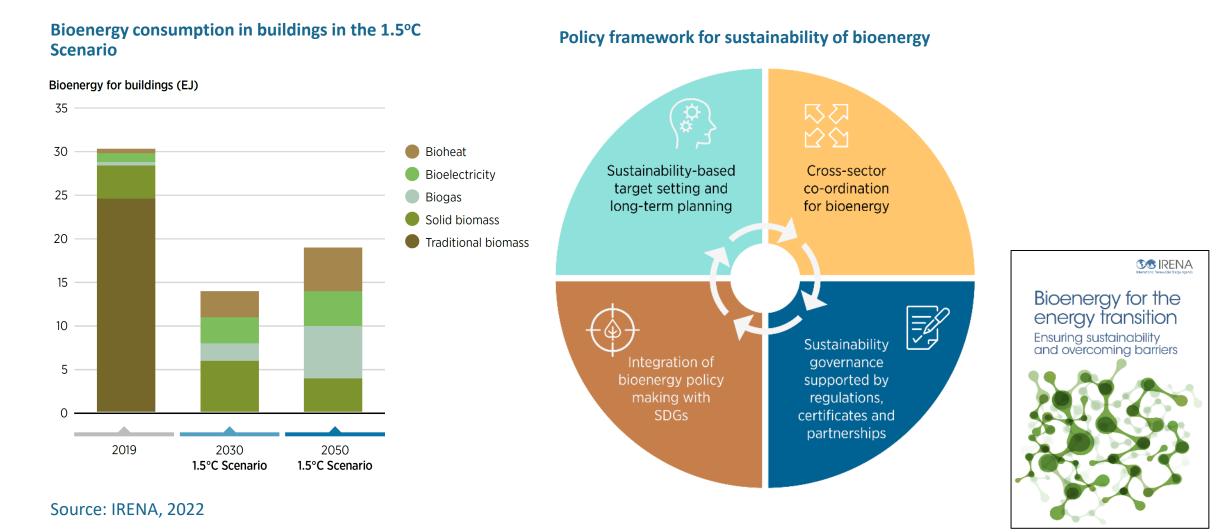
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Source: IRENA (2022)

Sustainable bioenergy can also decarbonise heat demand





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Solar thermal heat and geothermal also play a role



RENEWABLE

ENERGY BENEFITS

LEVERAGING LOCAL CAPACITY FOR SOLAR WATER HEATERS

SSIRENA

600 100 90 500 Capacity [GW_{th}], Energy [TWh] 80 400 70 300 60 50 200 40 100 30 20 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 10 Figure 2: Global solar thermal capacity in operation and annual energy 2000-2021 0 World Source: Solar heat world wide, 2022

Global solar thermal capacity in operation and annual energy yields 2000-2021

Global geothermal heat use by sector, 2020 (%)



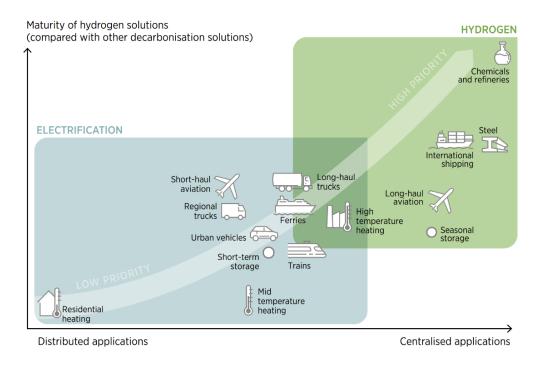
Industry

Buildings

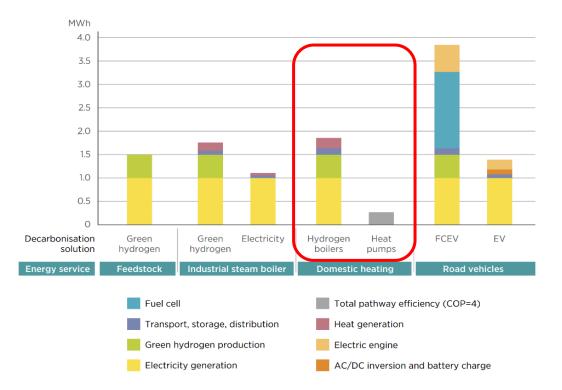
Agriculture/Forestry

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Green hydrogen policy priority



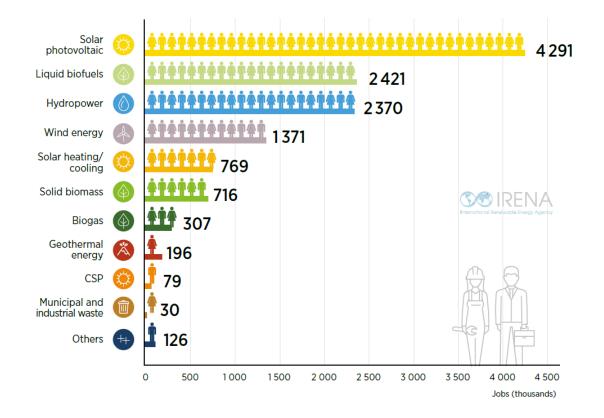
Renewable electricity generation needed for 1 MWh by energy services and by transformation passage

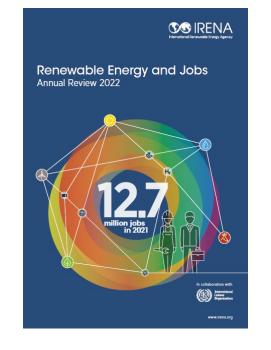


Source: IRENA, 2022

Renewable heating and cooling is creating millions of jobs







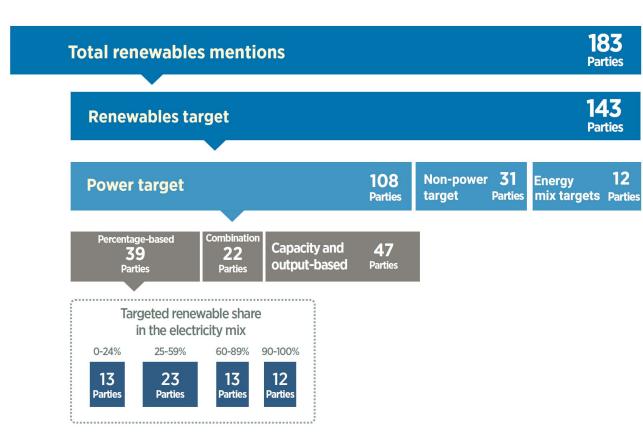
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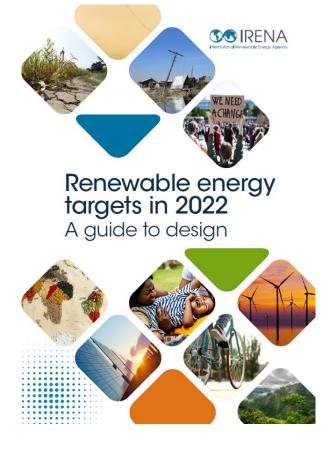


However, heating and cooling remain lag far behind the power sector in terms of targets & policies



Renewable energy targets in NDCs, 2022





Source: IRENA 2022



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Thank you!

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