Towards integrated climate and energy planning in the Energy Community

Environmental Task Force
Energy Community Secretariat
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About CAN Europe
Why MMR?

The international context

- Article 13 of the Paris Agreement established an enhanced transparency framework for action and support.

- The purpose: provide a clear understanding of climate action taken by countries - tracking of progress towards achieving Parties’ individual NDCs.

- The transparency framework established under the Paris Agreement applies to all developed and developing country Parties.
In practical terms...

Modalities of implementation of the transparency framework to be in focus of the UNFCCC meetings till 2018!

It is clear that:
- The future system will build on the existing one
- MMR means increased periodicity of reporting

Source:
UNEP (2016): Understanding the Paris Agreement: Analysing the reporting requirements under the enhanced transparency framework
Meanwhile in the EU...

Launch of the Winter package & the Energy Union Governance proposal, 30 Nov 2016
Proposal for the Energy Union Governance

• Obligation to **produce a national integrated energy and climate plan** for the period 2021 to 2030

• Regional consultations on the NECPs

• **Long-term low emission strategies** with a 50 years perspective

• Integration of provisions of the existing **Climate Monitoring Mechanism Regulation** while bringing them in line with the Paris Climate Agreement where relevant
STREAMLINING OF PLANNING OBLIGATIONS

National Renewable Energy Action Plan Template
Climate Action Planning & Reporting Obligations
National Energy Efficiency Action Plan Template
Energy Security
Internal energy market
Research & Innovation

Existing obligations

Streamlining of Obligations

New elements and reflection of existing obligations

Integrated National Energy and Climate Plans

Source: the European Commission, 2016
Each WB6 country will continue working towards the implementation of robust domestic greenhouse gas emissions monitoring and reporting systems in line with EU legislation and improve transparency in sustainable energy markets.

(Sustainability Charter of the Western Balkans 6 Summit, July 2016)
The way forward

• MMR adoption is a necessary first step towards the Energy Union governance

• It is as an excellent opportunity for an in-country dialogue on across all sectors => the only way to break the silos mentality, ensure high level political support, basis for fund-raising and technical assistance

• Recognising the need for the phased-in approach:
  - National inventories transitioning towards Annex I methodology
  - Analysing impacts of policies and measures
  - Developing low-carbon strategies
The way forward (..)

Continued technical and financial support necessary, investing in stable administrative capacity, across sectors

Cooperation and support from the civil society is available and abundant – steps forward most evident in Serbia.
Thank you for your attention!

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