



Part 1 – implementation requirements

Nina Grall-Edler Head of ECRB Section Energy Community Secretariat

Relevant legal acts

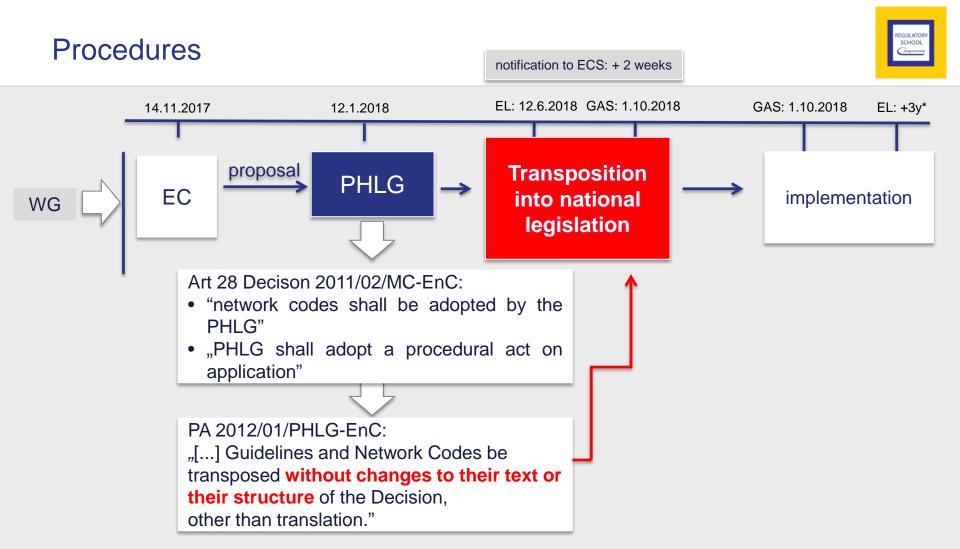


Gas

- CMP: Decision 2018/01/PHLG-EnC on amending Annex I to Regulation (EC) 715/2009
- IO: <u>Decision 2018/02/PHLG-EnC on adopting Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/703 establishing a Network Code on Interoperability and Data Exchange Rules</u>

Electricity

- RfG: <u>Decision 2018/03/PHLG-EnC on incorporating Commission Regulation (EU)</u> 2016/631 establishing a Network Code on requirements for grid connection of <u>generators</u>
- HDVC: <u>Decision 2018/04/PHLG-EnC on incorporating Commission Regulation (EU)</u>
 2016/1447 establishing a network code on requirements for grid connection of high voltage direct current systems and direct current-connected power park modules
- DC: <u>Decision 2018/05/PHLG-EnC on incorporating Commission Regulation (EU)</u>
 2016/1388 establishing a Network Code on Demand Connection



Transposition_{Letter EnCS 20.2.2018}



Let me re-call that the adopted Regulations need to be transposed without changes to the structure and text other than translation in order to comply with the PHLG Decisions. We assume that the incorporation of the above mentioned Decisions into your country's legal framework can be accomplished by the adoption and/or adaptation of acts by the regulator and do not require approval by Parliament. In this case, we recommend the following approach to comply with the Energy Community requirements:

- In a first step, the national regulatory authority to adopt a text corresponding to the Network Codes translated into the official languages.
- In a second step, the national regulatory authority to adapt the existing regulatory acts to bring them in line with the (incorporated) Network Codes.

Both steps must be accomplished within the transposition deadline. The PHLG Decisions oblige the Contracting Parties to notify the Energy Community Secretariat of completed transposition within two weeks following the adoption of such measures.

We are ready to support your national regulatory authority (or any other authority competent for transposition) in incorporating the five Network Codes into national law. For this purpose, the national regulatory authority (or any other competent) authority are invited to address the Secretariat (Deputy Director Dirk Buschle, dirk.buschle@energy-community.org, and Head of ECRB Section Nina Grall-Edler, nina.grall@energy-community.org by 23 March 2018 about the envisaged legal modus for transposing the Network Codes and any requests for assistance.

Relevant questions



- Who is the competent authority for transposition?
 - Drafting vs. adopting $_{\rm MD}$ (potentially) problematic? Can NRA enforce drafting by TSO? $_{\rm SR}$
- Can the competent authority transpose within the existing legal framework?
 - Do competences need to be specified? Or can general competences be used?_{MD}
- Would the situation be different for less technical rules (electricity market guidelines?)
- Can the 2-step concept (ref letter) be followed?
- Timelines progress status work approach
- Any specific challenges?





Part 2 – tour de table

Contracting Parties





Part 3 – case study Moldova

Bernd Rajal Partner Schönherr Rechtsanwälte





Part 4 – new edition of network codes on the horizon

Nina Grall-Edler Head of ECRB Section Energy Community Secretariat

Next edition



Gas				
Legal act ¹		Content	remarks	PHLG adoption
CAM NC _{Regulation 2011}	Capa 7/459 alloca		ideally the CAM and TAR codes are adopted	12/2018 or 1 st PHLG in 2019 ² [<u>Title II]</u> I together
TAR NC _{Regulation 460/7}	Trans 2017 tariffs	mission		12/2018 or 1 st PHLG in 2019 ¹ [<u>Title II]</u>
BAL NC _{Regulation 312/3}	2014 Balar	cing	I	Last PHLG in 2019 [Title II]
Electricity				
Legal act	Content		Remarks	adoption
CACM GL Regulation	Capacity allocation and congestion management	read	uires a EU-CP reciprocity solution: either to be ched by legally binding reciprocity (Treaty reforms)	MC 2018 [Title III]
FCA NC Regulation	Forward capacity allocation	via	before by "voluntary reciprocity" (similar to gas), i.e. agreements developed under the WB6 Connecta onal DAMITA	MC 2018 [Title III]
SO GL Regulation	System Operation • Howe for v		vever, even with a reciprocity solution: also a solution voting is needed that can only be reached via Title III	2019
BAL GL Regulation 2017/2195	Balancing		tations are currently prepared eeting: 10.4., VIE	2019
ER NC Regulation 2017/2196	Emergency & restoration	• Clos	sely linked to BAL GL	2019

Focus electricity market guidelines

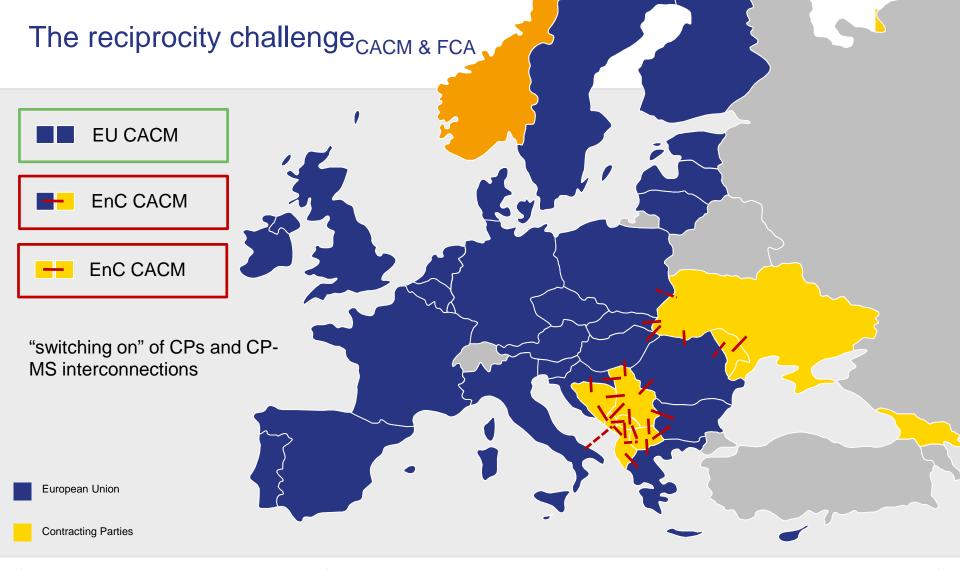


- 1. Geographical scope
- 2. CCRs
- 3. Methodologies existing vs new | pan-European vs regional
- 4. Voting

Approach



- Standard adaptations
 - EC → ECS | ACER → ECRB | MS → CP
- ad-hoc adaptations
- Implementation in one step
- Implementation deadlines
- Reciprocity relevant
 - Title III
 - Alternative Title IV



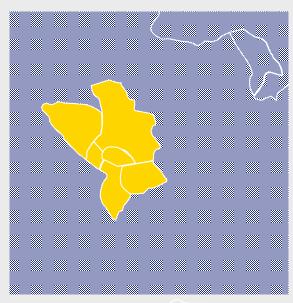
Title III CCRs

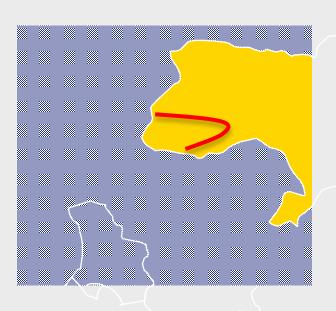


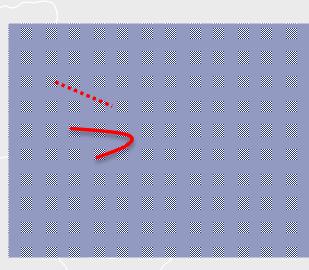
Shadow SEE CCR (+IT)

Bursthyn CCR

UAMO CCR (+PL)







- CCRs include only the CP-CP & CP-MS borders
- MS-MS borders are covered in CCRs defined by ACER

Explanatory document to all TSOs' proposal for CCR



- Future composition of CCRs including non-EU bidding zone borders (Annex 1 to the Explanatory ... document)
 - Establishes the basis for the future implementation of the CACM Regulation by non-EU TSOs/non-EU regulatory authorities
 - Facilitates the early implementation by non-EU TSOs and the cooperation of the EU and non-EU NRAs;
 - Involved TSOs (EU and non-EU) will start working together based on the CCR composition presented in Annex 1 to achieve the targets set in the CACM
 - CCR SEE including non-EU bidding zone borders as fig below (excluding HU-RO and HU-HR)
- The bidding zone borders will be included in the CCR SEE in the future, subject to the fulfilment of the legal requirements for the application of CACM Regulation
- The bidding zone border IT-ME will be included in the CCR SEE when the interconnection between Italy and Montenegro is commissioned (expected to be in 2017/2018) and subject to the fulfilment of any other legal requirements for the application of the CACM Regulation by Montenegro



Source: Explanatory document to all TSOs' proposal for CCR

Methodologies



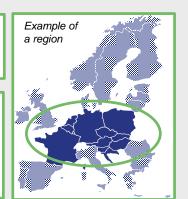
All TSOs /(NEMOs) All NRAs

European terms & conditions / methodologies / platforms



Relevant TSOs /(NEMOs) & NRAs

Regional (CCR) terms & conditions / methodologies / platforms



Relevant TSOs /(NEMOs) & NRAs

National (CCR) terms & conditions / methodologies / platforms

Transfer through PHLG decision applicable on Title III (CP-CP, CP-MS)



Developed on regional level and applicable on Title III (CP-CP, CP-MS)



National implementation applicable on CPs



Agreeing on methodologies: Voting



EU CACMTSOs/NEMOs voting



EnC CACM TSOs/NEMOs voting

European methodologies:

Qualified majority
 55% of MS + 65% of population of the EU

Regional methodologies:

Qualified majority of the region

72% of MS + 65% of population of the region

Region <5: consensus

European methodologies:

 Unchanged taken as part of EU acquis, applicable under PHLG decision requiring national transposition in CPs

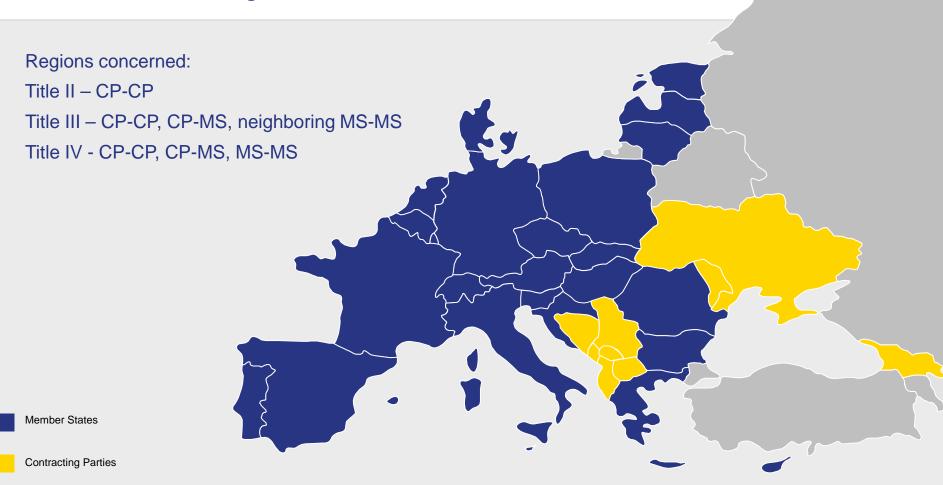
Regional methodologies:

Qualified majority of the region

2/3 of the CPs/MSs of the region

Region <3: consensus

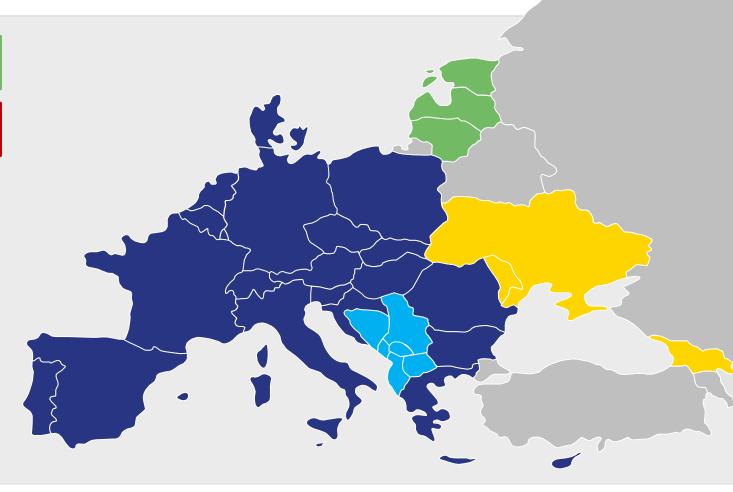
The next challenge level: BAL, SO



Synchronous area applicability - Title IV

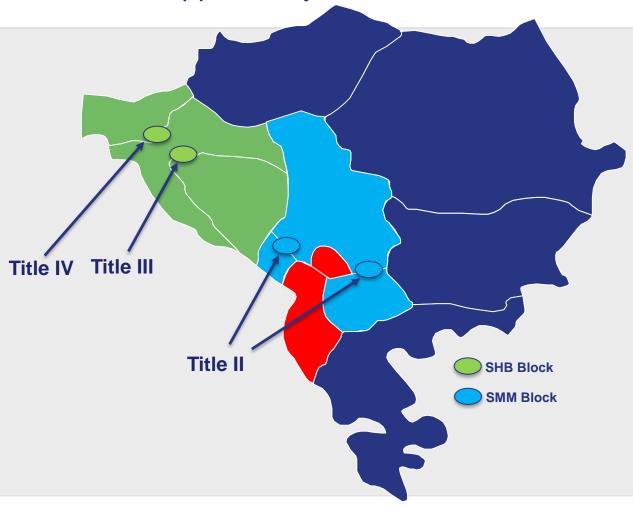


IPS/UPS - Baltic SA +UA/MD/GE



LFC block applicability – Title IV /Title III/ Title II





Energy Community Secretariat