





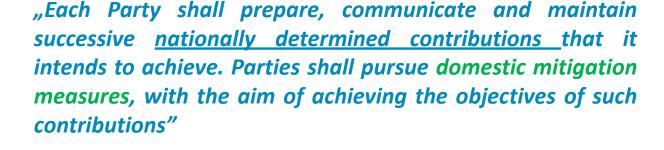
#### **Presentation overview**

- NDC, LTS (link with Gov Regulation NECP, LTS)
- Mitigation Work Program under UNFCCC
- Just Transition Work Program under UNFCCC



## NDC, LTS (link with Gov Regulation – NECP, LTS)

#### **NDC – Paris Agreement**





#### **NECP – adapted EnC Gov. Regulation**

Shall contain "... b) a description of <u>national objectives</u>, <u>targets and contributions</u> relating to the dimensions of the Energy Union...(c) a description of the planned policies and measures in relation to the corresponding objectives, targets and contributions set out under point (b)



## EnC 2030 targets (NDC + EnC Min. Decision 2022)

	NDC		EnC target	
	Unconditional	Conditional	%	Mt CO2eq
AL	20,9% (BAU)		+53,2%	12,00
ВА	33,2%	36,8%	41,2%	15,65
GE	35,0%	50,0-57,0%	47,0%	20,50
MD	70,0%	88,0%	68,6%*	9,10
ME	35,0%		55,0%	2,42
MK	82,0%		82,0%	2,20
RS	33,3%		40,3%*	47,82
UA	65,0%		65,0%	309,00
XK			16,3%	8,95



#### **NDCs and NECPs**



Comparable?
To some degree, yet consistency required.

How can we ensure this?

**Submitted NDCs for 2030** 



**EnC 2030 targets** 

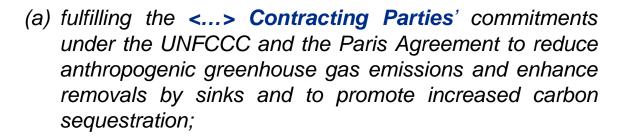


**Update 2030 NDCs aligning with EnC 2030 targets** 



## Long-term low greenhouse gas emission development strategies (LT LEDS)

#### LT LEDS shall contribute to:



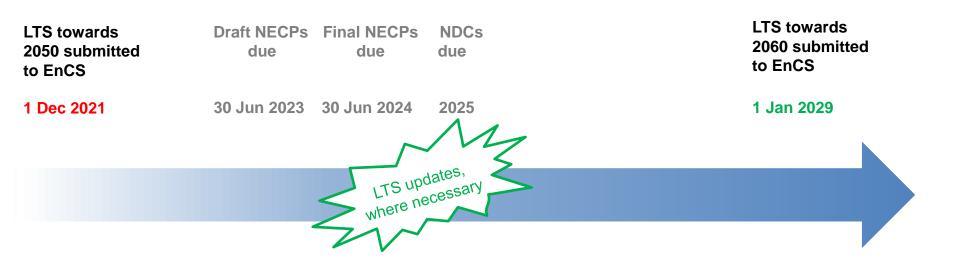
(b) fulfilling the objective of the Paris Agreement of holding the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2 °C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1,5 °C above pre-industrial levels;



should strive (PA, art.4 (19)) vs. shall (EnC Gov. Reg, art.15)



#### LTS LEDS



- → Providing a long-term (30 years) perspective;
- → Being consistent with the EnC climate neutrality objective;
- → NECPs being consistent with LTS.



## Long-term Strategies – what is the progress?

	Strategy documents	
ALB	Climate Change Strategy in Albania 2020-2030 (Jan 2022)	
BiH	Low Emission Development Strategy 2030 and roadmap with an action plan 2020-2030 (adopted?)	
GEO	Long-Term Low Emission Development Strategy (adopted 2023)	
MDA	Low Emission Development Strategy 2030 (consulted in 2021)	
MNE		
MKD	Long-Term Strategy on Climate Action & Action Plan (Sep 2021)	
SRB	Low Carbon Development Strategy with Action plan (adopted 2023)	
UKR	Ukraine 2050 – Low Emission Development Strategy (Jul 2018)	
XKX	Climate Change Strategy 2019-2028 and Action Plan on Climate Change 2019-2021	



#### Mitigation Work Program under UNFCCC

#### ECCC/PA/CMA/2021/10/Add.1

#### Decision 1/CMA.3

#### Glasgow Climate Pact

The Conference of the Parties serving as the meeting of the Parties to the Parts Asreement,

Recalling Article 2 of the Paris Agreement

Also recalling decisions 3/CMA.1 and 1/CMA.2,

Noting decision 1/CP.26,

Recognizing the role of multilateralism in addressing climate change and promoting regional and international cooperation in order to strengthen climate action in the context of sustainable development and efforts to endicate powerty.

Acknowledging the devastating impacts of the coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic and the importance of ensuring a sustainable, resilient and inclusive global recovery, showing solidarity particularly with developing commy Parties.

Also achieve leading that climate change is a common concurs of humanisis. Persisbendly than things acries to address climate change, respect, promote and consider their respective obligations on human rights, the right to bashli, the right of infriguence peoples. It is also become considered to the contract of the

Noting the importance of ensuring the integrity of all ecosystems, including in forests, the ocean and the cryosphere, and the protection of biodivarsity, recognized by some cultures as Mother Earth, and othe noting the importance for some of the concept of climate junice', when taking action to address climate changes.

Expressing appreciation to the Heads of State and Government who participated in the World Leaders Summit in Glasgow and for the increased tergets and actions amounced and the commitments made to work together and with non-Party stakeholders to accelerate sectoral action by 2000,

Recognizing the important role of indigenous peoples, local communities and civil society, including youth and children, in addressing and responding to climate change and highlighting the urgant need for multilevel and cooperative action.

#### I. Science and urgency

 Recognizes the importance of the best available science for effective climate action and policymaking;

 Welcomes the contribution of Working Group I to the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change Strick Associated Report and the recent global and regional separation on the state of the climate from the World Associational Organization and invites the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change to present in Strincoming reports to the Subduliny Body for Sciamific and Euclinological Advisor in 2022;

Expresses alarm and utmost concern that human activities have caused around 1.1 °C
of warning to date, that impacts are already being felt in every region and that carbon budgets
consistent with achieving the Paris Agreement temperature goal are now small and being
mpildy depleted;

In 2021, "a <u>work programme to urgently scale up</u> <u>mitigation ambition and implementation in this</u> <u>critical decade</u>" was established.

Further elaborated in 2022, that "the work programme shall be operationalized through <u>focused exchanges</u> <u>of views, information and ideas</u>, noting that the outcomes of the work programme will be non-prescriptive, non-punitive, facilitative, respectful of national sovereignty and national circumstances, take into account the nationally determined nature of nationally determined contributions and <u>will not impose new targets or goals</u>"

2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. 2021. Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Group 1 to the Stath Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. V Masson-Delmotte, P Zhai, A Firani, et al. (eds.). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Available at https://www.pcu.ch/report/set/wp1.



#### Mitigation Work Program under UNFCCC

"Decides that <u>at least two global dialogues</u> shall be held each year as part of the work programme, with one to be held prior to the first regular sessions of the subsidiary bodies, starting at their fifty-eighth sessions, and one prior to the second regular sessions of the subsidiary bodies, starting at their fifty-ninth sessions (November–December 2023)" + organize <u>"investment-focused events</u>, considering the cost of mitigation implementation, with a view to unlocking finance, including for just transitions, overcoming barriers to access to finance and identifying investment opportunities and actionable solutions"

The UNFCCC Secretariat will prepare "<u>a report on each of the dialogues</u>...reflecting in a comprehensive and balanced manner the discussions held and including a summary, key findings, opportunities and barriers relevant to the topic, and to prepare an annual report comprising a compilation of the individual dialogue reports"

""...the co-chairs of the work programme to make a presentation on the annual report referred... at the annual high-level ministerial round table on pre-2030 ambition, starting at the second round table (2023)"

In 2023 MWP will focus on accelerating just energy transition



#### Mitigation Work Program under UNFCCC

How is this relevant to the EnC?

MWP creates a potential space to showcase EnC activities with regard to mitigation and unlocks possibility for finding financing.

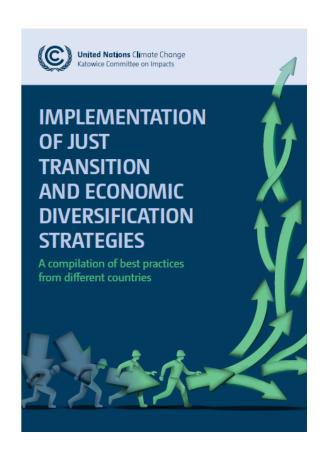
Should the EnC consider **showcasing its collective activities** during such a dialogue and financing event, if there is possibility?

Should the EnC make a **joint** submission on the topic of a JET?





### **Just Transition Work Program under UNFCCC**





"Taking into account the imperatives of a just transition of the workforce and the creation of decent work and quality jobs in accordance with nationally defined development priorities,"

Not a new topic under UNFCCC – PA language and KCl work



#### **Just Transition Work Program under UNFCCC**

# In 2022 a "work programme on just transition for discussion of pathways

to achieving the goals of the Paris
Agreement outlined in Article 2,
paragraph 1" was established and it
was decided to "convene, as part of the
work programme on just transition, an
annual high level ministerial round
table on just transition, beginning at
its fifth session"





#### **Just Transition Work Program under UNFCCC**

#### What happened now in Bonn?



- Discussions started on the JTWP with an informal note drafted, and will be continued at COP28 with a view of making a decision at COP28
- Parties and observers to submit by 15 September 2023 views on different elements of the work program
- UNFCCC Secretariat will publish a synthesis report
- JT workshop to be held before COP28
- UNFCCC Secretariat will publish summary report of JT WS



#### Global stocktake at COP28

The global stocktake of the Paris Agreement (GST) is a **process for** taking stock of the implementation of the Paris Agreement with the aim to assess the world's collective progress towards achieving the purpose of the agreement and its long-term goals (Article 14).

The first stocktake got underway at the UN Climate Change Conference in Glasgow in 2021 (COP26) and will conclude at COP28 in 2023. Each stocktake is a two-year process that happens every five years.



#### Global stocktake at COP28

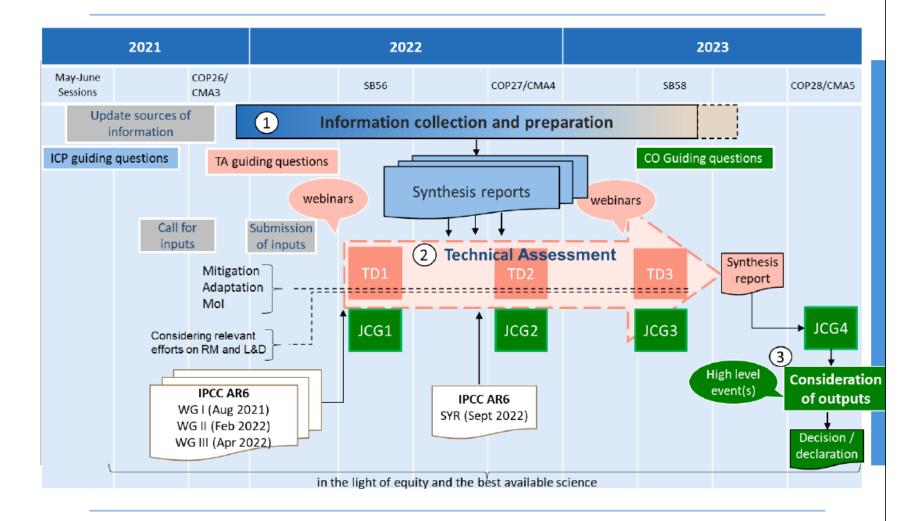
The first global stocktake operates in three phases.

Phase 1 is all about **collecting and preparing information**. Submitted information will come from a variety of sources, including national climate plans, scientific studies (such as reports from the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change), country reports (including transparency reports), and other sources.

Phase 2 is a **technical assessment period**. This included in-person dialogues at UN Climate Conferences to assess collective progress on the Paris Agreement's long-term goals. The technical dialogues will be focused around the stocktake's three themes: mitigation, adaptation, and means of implementation and support.

Phase 3 will involve presenting the key findings from the first global stocktake at COP28 at the end of 2023. It will be key moment to identify opportunities to step up climate action and international support.

#### **Timeline**





#### Global stocktake at COP28

#### Why does this matter for the EnC?

"The outcome of the global stocktake shall inform Parties in updating and enhancing, in a nationally determined manner, their actions and support in accordance with the relevant provisions of this Agreement, as well as in enhancing international cooperation for climate action" (PA art.14)



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