





EU4Energy Governance: Kick-off meeting on Support in development of the Long-term Strategy for Mobilizing Investment in the Renovation of the National Stock of Buildings for the 2019-2030 period in Moldova

Venue: Jazz Hotel, Strada Vlaicu Pârcălab 72, Chisinau, Moldova Date: 15/07/2019 **Agenda**

Opening

Welcome remarks	10:00-10:15	Ministry of Economy and infrastructure Energy Community Secretariat EU Delegation to Moldova <i>(tbc)</i>
Introduction of participants	10:15-10:20	All

Session 1:

Presentation of the project (objective, purpose, presentation of team of experts, presentation of project tasks, workplan/timeframe, deliverables)		George Georgocostas; EXERGIA S.A. Team Leader
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Coffee break 25 minutes

Session 2:

Discussion on implementation arrangements and key project issues	11:25-12:25	All
Indicative topics:		
 Collaboration arrangements between the Working Group and the Consultant (role of each party – availability during summer months) Ways to address limited availability or absence of data regarding the building stock Availability of documents and information regarding past, ongoing and planned policies and measures (including information on energy audits and energy efficiency measures applied) 		





- Discussion on possible financing mechanisms and financing sources
- Plans for promotion of Nearly Zero Energy Buildings
- Procedures on setting national targets and consultations for adoption of the Strategy and implementation Roadmap
- Any other issue raised by the participants

Summary

Agenda

Conclusions and outlook	12:25-13:00	Energy Community Secretariat
		George Georgocostas; EXERGIA S.A. Team Leader

* The EU4Energy Initiative covers all EU support to improve energy supply, security and connectivity, as well as to promote energy efficiency and the use of renewables in the Eastern Partner countries Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine. It does this by financing projects and programmes that help to reform energy markets and to reduce national energy dependence and consumption. Over the longer term, this makes energy supply more reliable, transparent and affordable, thus reducing energy poverty and energy bills for both citizens and the private sector.