



Accelerating renewables: Partnership for sustainable investments

Advancing Renewables Investments 16 November 2023

Aleksandra Bujaroska – Energy Community Secretariat Igor Vejnovic – The Nature Conservancy





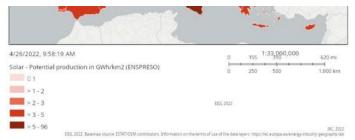


Renewable energy potential - Solar



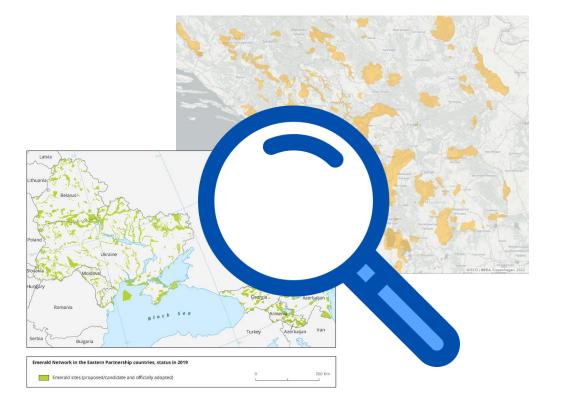


4/26/2022, 9:56:49 AM		0	155	155 1:33,000,000 620 mi		
Wind Onshore - P	otential production in GWh/km2 (ENSPRESO)	10	250	500		1.000 km
> 1 - 2						
> 2 - 5		EIGL 2022				
> 5 - 7,5						
> 7.5 - 12	EIGL 2022. Besemap source: ESTAT/OSM contributors. Information on the ter	this of use of the du	ita layers: hity	s//lec.europa.eu/e	energy-industry	JRC, 2022 y-geography-lab





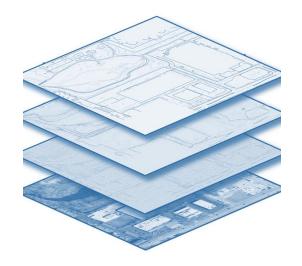




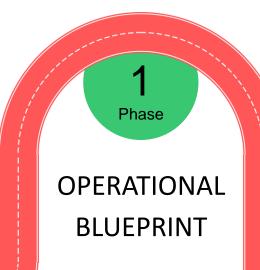
 Policy guidelines on planning and permit–granting procedures for energy projects in the Contracting Parties – in preparation.







Streamline procedures One stop-shop set up Acceleration areas



7 models for the development of the Renewables Acceleration Areas Memoranda of Understanding, Draft Programmes and Working Groups

ROADMAP

CONCEPT NOTES

Phase

2

B Phase PILOT PROJECTS Matching RE

Acceleration Areas with financial support

Capacity Building

Protocol on digitalization and simplified notification

Mock case one stop-shop for RE project

STREAMLINE RE PROJECT PERMITTING

Phase

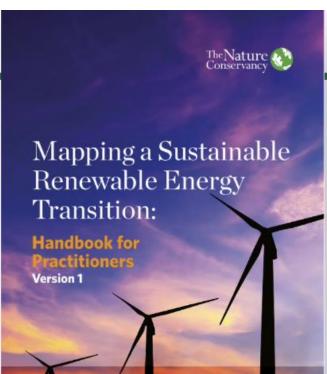
Δ

Energy Community

 $\overset{\bigcirc}{\approx}\overset{\bigcirc}{\approx}\overset{\bigcirc}{\approx}$



OPERATIONAL BLUEPRINT



Authors: Kei Soch | James R. Oakleaf | Aishwaya Bhattacharjee | Jeffrey S. Evans | Igor Vejnović | Kasandra Zorica Dropuĝić | Dragana Mileusnić | Tadej Bevk | Iĝia Batas Belić | Aleksandr Dedinec | Dejan Dejak | Svemir Gorin | Božidar Pavlović | Mate Zec | Joseph M. Kiesecker



1. Identifying Lands Suitable for Solar and Wind

Producing a suitability map for solar or wind development through data selection, processing, analysis and model integration. Then combining the criteria that influence development and ranking the potential of suitable lands.



2. Mapping Environmental or Biological Conservation Value in the Region

Using a combination of coarse-filter and fine-filter approaches to identify environmental and biodiversity targets and mapping potential conflicts with renewable energy development.

3. Identifying and Mapping Cultural and Social Values in the Region.

Using economic, demographic, and ecosystem service data, as well as cultural information to identify connections to and demand of land. Supporting guidelines and steps that ensure community consultation, consent, and minimisation of social impact.



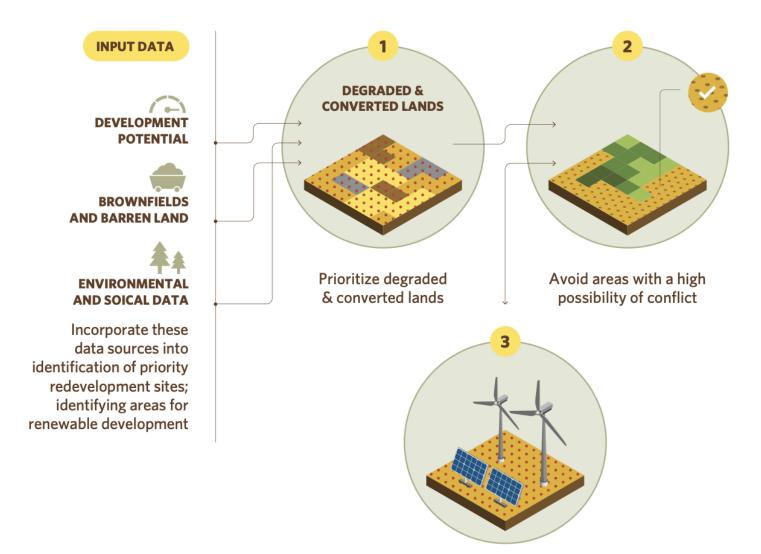
4. Bringing All the Information Together

Mapping these scenarios together and examining the development of wind and solar through scenarios that look at consequences of both unplanned developments, as well as those that assess if renewable energy targets can be met on low-conflicts areas.





ONE OF THE MODELS FOR RENEWABLES ACCELERATION AREAS: PRIORITIZE BROWNFIELDS AND DEGRADED LAND

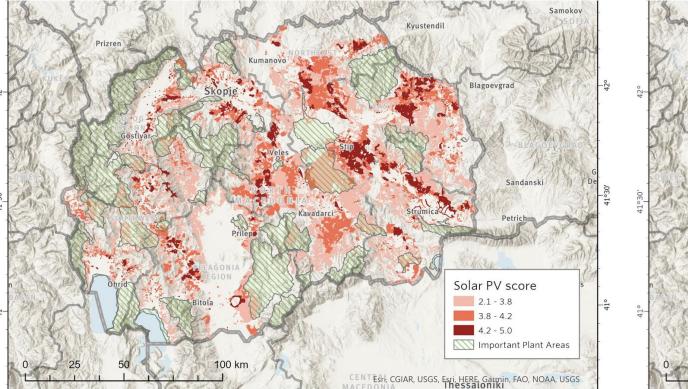


Calculate total potential renewable energy output on low-conflict land

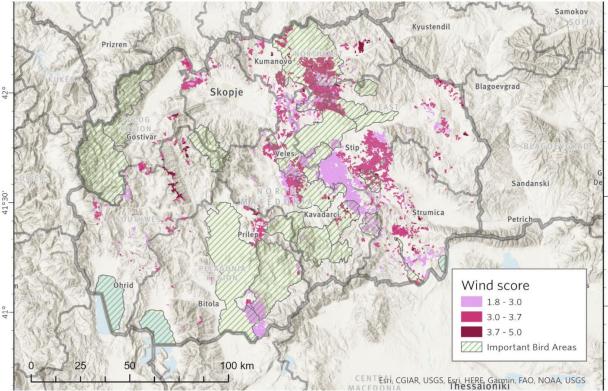




OUTPUT OF THE MODEL: NORTH MACEDONIA



SOLAR POTENTIAL An estimated 50 GW of solar PV installed capacity could be developed in areas with a score higher than 4.2 outlined in dark red, or 11 GW if considering only areas outside Important Plant Area and Important Bird Area sites.



WIND POTENTIAL An estimated 457 MW of wind farm installed capacity could be developed in areas with a score higher than 3.7 outlined in dark purple, or 354 MW if considering only areas outside Important Plant Area and Important Bird Area sites.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

aleksandra.bujaroska@energy.community.org igor.vejnovic@tnc.org