

National energy and climate progress reports

Commission Implementing Regulation 2022/2299

Introduction

- Implementing Article 17 of the Governance Regulation 2018/1999
- To monitor the implementation of the NECPs
- In the EU for the first time on 15 March 2023 and every two years thereafter
 - The same timeline as for GHG policies and measures, projections, final inventories
- Data based submission through webforms, no pdf report to be submitted by MS





 Information on the progress accomplished towards reaching the objectives, including the progress towards the Union's climate neutrality objective, targets and contributions set out in NECPs



- Progress towards **financing** and implementing **the policies and measures** necessary to meet the objectives, targets and contributions
- Review of actual investment against initial investment assumptions



Scope (II)

- Where applicable, information on the progress in establishing the **multilevel** energy and climate dialogue
- Renewable energy; energy efficiency; energy security; internal energy market; energy poverty; research, innovation and competitiveness specific information and, where appropriate, update on policies and measures in those fields
- Information on adaptation in accordance with the decarbonisation dimension
- As far as possible, **quantification of the impact** of the policies and measures in the NECPs on **air quality** and on emissions of **air pollutants**



Scope (III) – Alignment with GHG reports

- The NECPRs are also to cover the information contained in GHG inventories, GHG policies and measures and GHG projections
 - Existing climate reporting Implementing Regulation 2020/1208
 - Inventories and projections also data used to demontrate the progress towards GHG targets
 - Financing and impact to air quality and emissions of air pollution now have to be reported also in respect of GHG policies and measures





Process

- Start of preparation Energy Union Committee September 2021
- Adoption of implementing regulation 15 November 2022
- 5 meetings of progress reporting WG in 2021-2023
- Reporting guidelines January 2023
- Opening of reporting platform February 2023
- Assessment of progress as part of the State of the Energy Union October 2023



Experience

- 18 MS submitted at or close to the deadline.
- Today, 99+% of dataflows received.
- E-reporting allows efficient quality assurance and control, improving the completeness and consistency of the reported information.





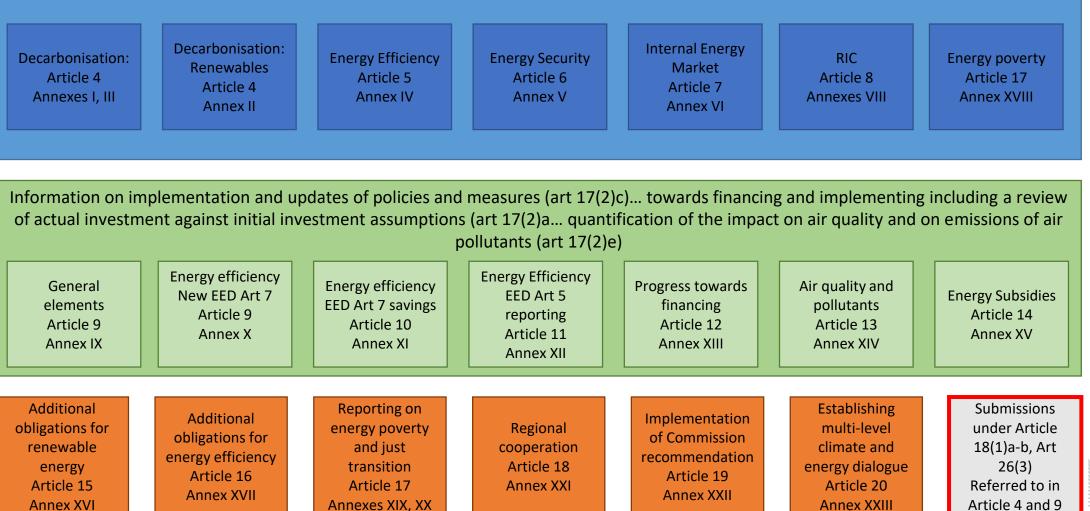


From paper to online reporting



Progress reporting – structure (place in IA)

Information on the progress accomplished towards reaching the objectives, targets and contributions (art 17(2)a)



Structure, format,

European

Commission

and information as set

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING **REGULATION (EU) 2020/1208**

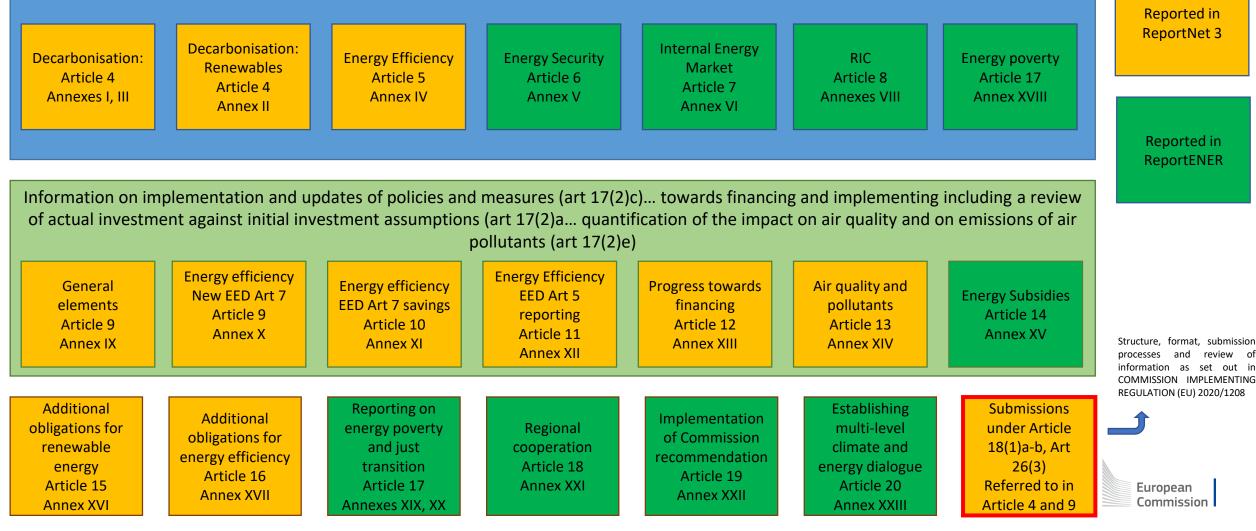
processes

submission

out in

Progress reporting – reporting system

Information on the progress accomplished towards reaching the objectives, targets and contributions (art 17(2)a)



E-reporting (Reportnet 3)





Integrate dataflows under the EU environmental legislation

Act as a central hub for all ereporting by EEA and Eionet





European Commission

The next section includes information based on Member States' **partial submissions**, information **not fully quality checked** and **not publicly available, yet**.

Please, do not use this information.

Thanks

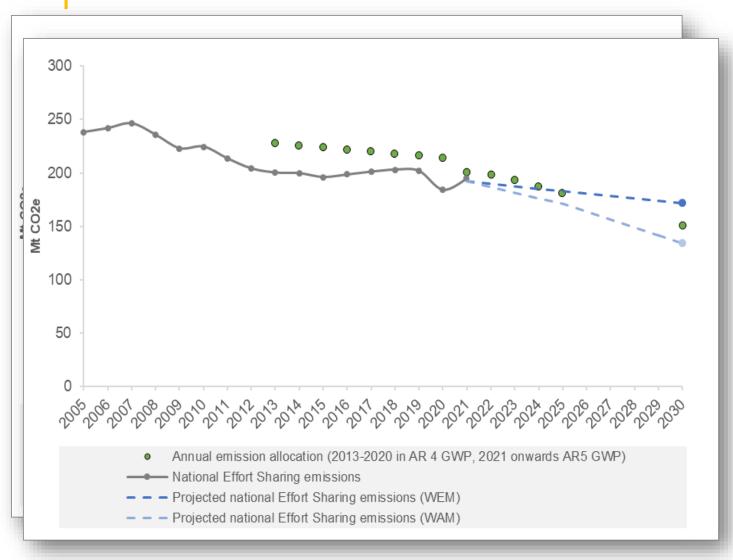


Climate neutrality (Annex I – Table 1)

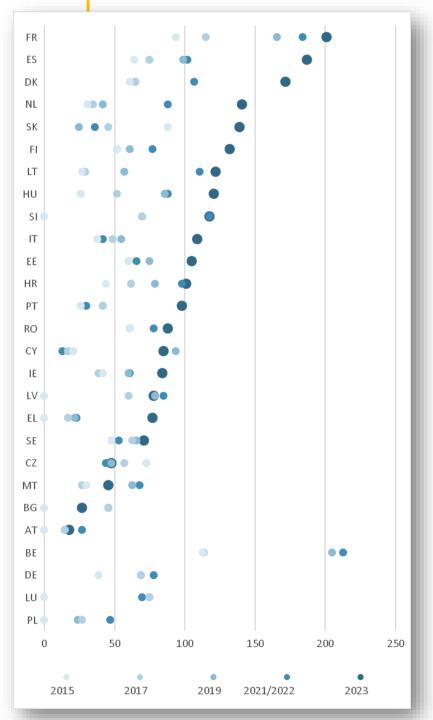
Country	Overall LTS goal by 2050	2021 updates Article 18(1)(a) and Annex VI(b)	2023 NECPR Annex I - Table 1
Finland	Carbon neutrality by 2035	no update	2035
Denmark	Climate neutrality	Climate neutrality by 2050 at the latest	2050
Netherlands	Quantitative GHG emission reduction target	no update	
Latvia	Climate neutrality	n.a.	2050
Italy	Climate neutrality	n.a.	2050
Lithuania	Climate neutrality	n.a.	2050
Austria	Climate neutrality	Climate neutrality by 2040	2050
Portugal	Carbon neutrality	n.a.	2050
Sweden	Climate neutrality by 2045 and negative thereafter	no update	
Spain	Climate neutrality	no update	2050
Malta	Unspecified	n.a.	
Czechia	Unspecified	n.a.	
Cyprus	Unspecified	n.a.	
Greece	Unspecified	no update	2050
Slovakia	Climate neutrality	no update	2050
France	Carbon neutrality	no update	2050
Bulgaria	Unspecified	n.a.	
Slovenia	Climate neutrality	n.a.	2050
Estonia	quantitative GHG emission reduction target	n.a.	2050
Romania	-	0	
Belgium	Different regional goals	no update	
Ireland	-	0	
Hungary	Climate neutrality	n.a.	2050
Croatia	Unspecified	n.a.	
Luxembourg	Climate neutrality	n.a.	2050



Progress towards climate objectives (Annex I, Table 1)



- Progress towards climate objectives can be assessed by comparing historical data and GHG projections submitted by Member States (Art. 18 of the GR) with the national GHG target reported in Annex I.
- Unfortunately, only half of the MS reported on national GHG targets.
- However, progress can be assessed by reference to legislated EU target by Member States, like for the Effort Sharing or LULUCF regulations.

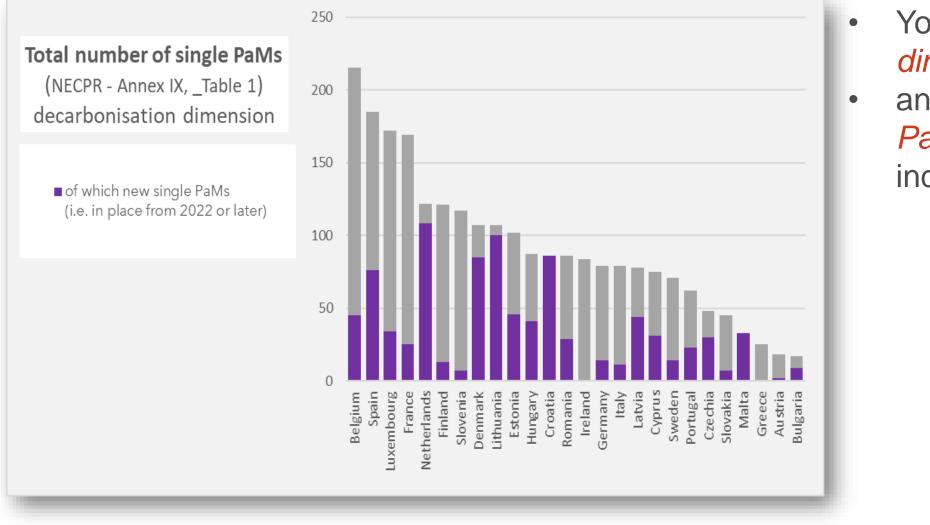


Policy and Measures (Annex IX – Table 1)

- Reported policies and measures (PaMs) are a valuable source of information to assess progress in climate and energy actions.
- In 2023, Member States have reported progress on close to 3000 single PaMs
- This is a 44% increase compared to 2021, or 16% when you filter for the decarbonisation dimension.



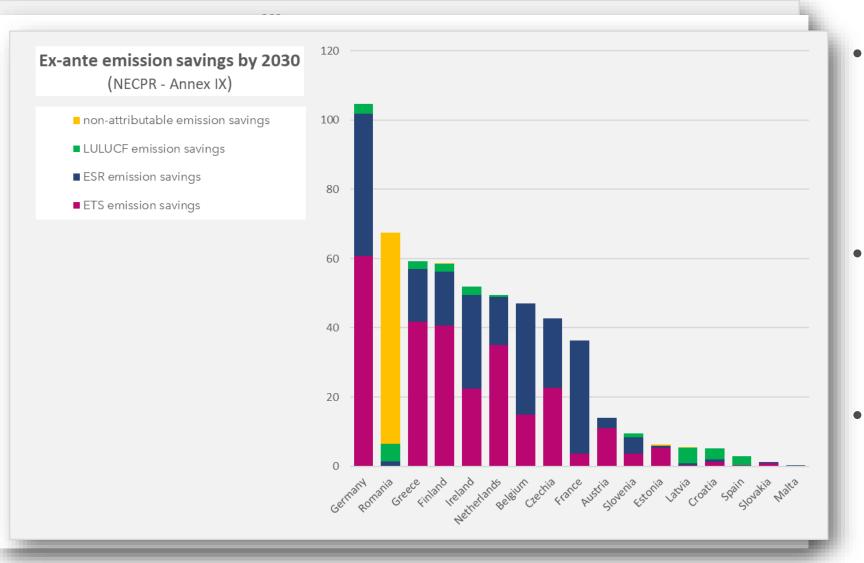
Policy and Measures (Annex IX – Table 1)



- You can filter PaMs by dimension
- and check for the *new PaMs* as a rough indication of *progress*



Policy and Measures (Annex IX – Table 1)



You can filter PaMs by dimension (e.g. decarbonisation) and check the sectors affected by the PaMs

- Or select a specific sector (e.g. agriculture) and analyse its objective
- Or select a year (e.g. 2030) and look at the expected emissions savings

Thank you



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